



Using The QML Profiler

Ulf Hermann

The Qt Company

October 8, 2014 / Qt Developer Days 2014

Outline

- 1 Reasons for Using a Specialized Profiler for Qt Quick
- 2 The QML Profiler
- 3 Analysing Typical Problems
- 4 Live Examples of Profiling and Optimization
- 5 New Features for the QML Profiler

Outline

- 1 Reasons for Using a Specialized Profiler for Qt Quick
- 2 The QML Profiler
- 3 Analysing Typical Problems
- 4 Live Examples of Profiling and Optimization
- 5 New Features for the QML Profiler

Why?

What?

How To

Examples

New Features

Classical optimization workflow

Minimize **total time** a program will take to run:

- Instrument binary to count and time function calls
- Or use an emulator that keeps track of function calls

Create call statistics to see:

- which functions took most time
- which functions are called most often

Go back and optimize those.

Problematic with Qt Quick applications ...

Profiling JIT-compiled code

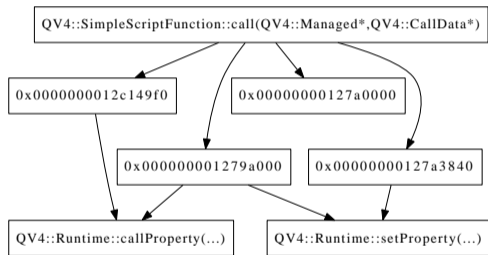
Why?

What?

How To

Examples

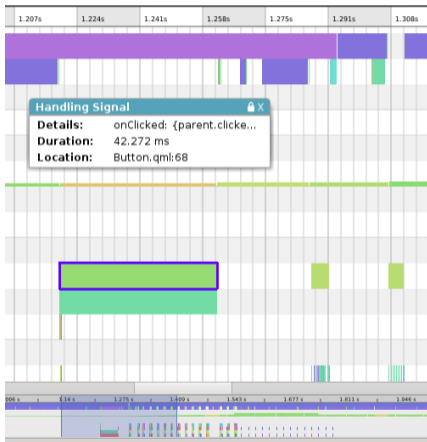
New Features



Profiling QML code with Valgrind

- What functions does it call there?
- No useful results on JIT-compiled or interpreted code from general purpose profilers
- No symbolic information available
- No stack unwinding with non-emulating profilers

“Long” run time



Single Signal Handler that runs for 40ms

- doesn't make big dent in statistics
- leads to 2 dropped frames in a row
- might be harmless
- **when** does it run?

Relate single events on a timescale to pin down problems.

“Many” calls

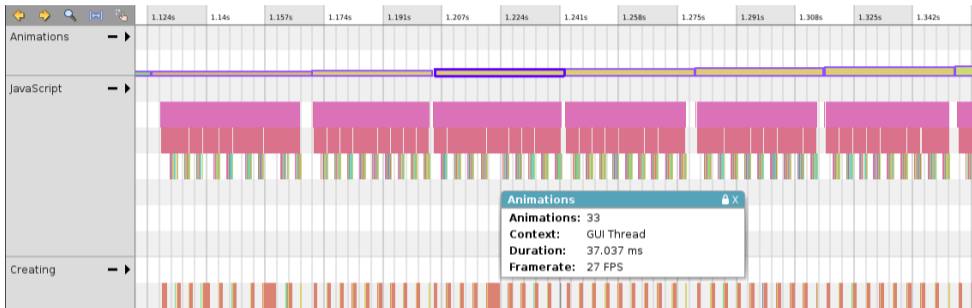
Why?

What?

How To

Examples

New Features



Badly timed object creation

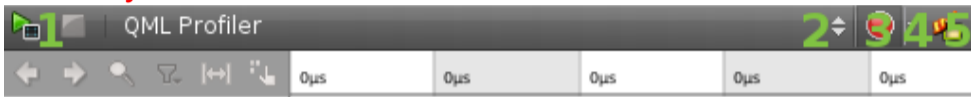
- Time for each object creation isn't significant here.
- Number of calls may be more interesting, but ...
- their **distribution over the frames** is most important!

Outline

- 1 Reasons for Using a Specialized Profiler for Qt Quick
- 2 The QML Profiler**
- 3 Analysing Typical Problems
- 4 Live Examples of Profiling and Optimization
- 5 New Features for the QML Profiler

The QML Profiler

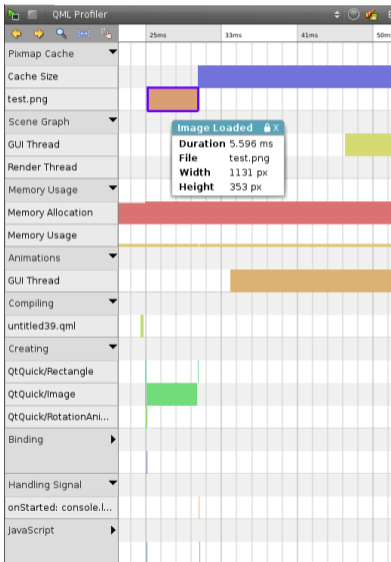
In **Analyze** mode of Qt Creator



- 1 start/stop profiling
- 2 control execution directly or profile external process
- 3 switch recording on and off while application is running to receive traces for specific time ranges.
- 4 select event types to be recorded (Qt Creator 3.3+)
- 5 clear current trace

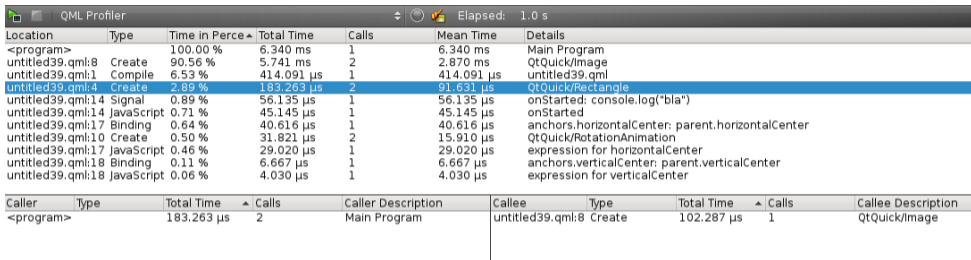
Save and load trace files from context menu.

Timeline View



- Pixmap Cache: slow loading or large pictures
- Animations, Scene Graph: composition of scene graph
- Memory Usage: JavaScript heap and garbage collector
- Binding, Signal Handling, JavaScript: QML/JavaScript execution times

Events View



The screenshot shows the QML Profiler interface with the 'Events View' selected. The main table displays the following data:

Location	Type	Time in Perce	Total Time	Calls	Mean Time	Details
<program>		100.00 %	6.340 ms	1	6.340 ms	Main Program
untitled39.qml:8	Create	90.56 %	5.741 ms	2	2.870 ms	QtQuick/Image
untitled39.qml:1	Compile	6.53 %	414,091 µs	1	414,091 µs	untitled39.qml
untitled39.qml:4	Create	2.89 %	183,263 µs	2	91,631 µs	QtQuick/Rectangle
untitled39.qml:14	Signal	0.89 %	56,135 µs	1	56,135 µs	onStarted: console.log("bla")
untitled39.qml:14	JavaScript	0.71 %	45,145 µs	1	45,145 µs	onStarted
untitled39.qml:17	Binding	0.64 %	40,616 µs	1	40,616 µs	anchors.horizontalCenter: parent.horizontalCenter
untitled39.qml:10	Create	0.50 %	31,821 µs	2	15,910 µs	QtQuick/RotationAnimation
untitled39.qml:17	JavaScript	0.46 %	29,020 µs	1	29,020 µs	expression for horizontalCenter
untitled39.qml:18	Binding	0.11 %	6,667 µs	1	6,667 µs	anchors.verticalCenter: parent.verticalCenter
untitled39.qml:18	JavaScript	0.06 %	4,030 µs	1	4,030 µs	expression for verticalCenter

Below the main table is a 'Caller' table:

Caller	Type	Total Time	Calls	Caller Description	Callee	Type	Total Time	Calls	Callee Description
<program>		183,263 µs	2	Main Program	untitled39.qml:8	Create	102,287 µs	1	QtQuick/Image

- Statistical profile of QML/JavaScript
- For problems that lend themselves to the classical workflow
- Optimize the overall most expensive bits to get a general speedup

Outline

- 1 Reasons for Using a Specialized Profiler for Qt Quick
- 2 The QML Profiler
- 3 Analysing Typical Problems**
- 4 Live Examples of Profiling and Optimization
- 5 New Features for the QML Profiler

Why?

What?

How To

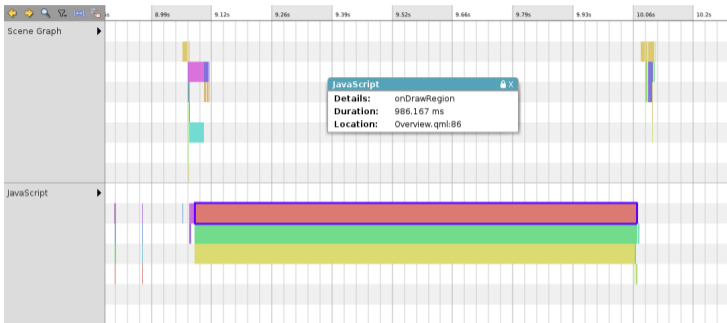
Examples

New Features

It's slow. What is wrong?

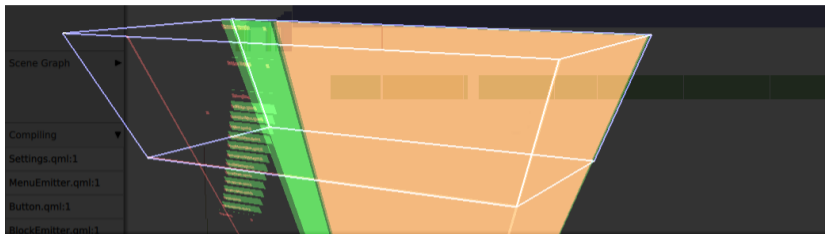
- **Too much JavaScript** executed in few frames?
 - All JavaScript must return before GUI thread advances
 - Frames delayed/dropped if GUI thread not ready
 - Result: Unresponsive, stuttering UI
- Creating/Painting/Updating **invisible items**?
 - Takes time in GUI thread
 - Same effect as "Too much JavaScript"
- Triggering **long running C++** functions?
 - Paint methods, signal handlers, etc. triggered from QML
 - Also takes time in GUI thread
 - Harder to see in the QML profiler as C++ isn't profiled

Too much Javascript



- Watch **frame rate** in **Animations** and **Scene Graph**
- Gaps and orange animation events are bad
- JavaScript category shows functions and run time
- Stay under $1000/60 \approx 16\text{ms}$ per frame

Invisible Items



- Check again for dropped frames
- Check for **many short bindings** or signal handlers
=> Too many items updated per frame
- **QSG_VISUALIZE=overdraw** shows scene layout
- Watch for items **outside the screen** or **underneath visible elements**

Long running C++ functions

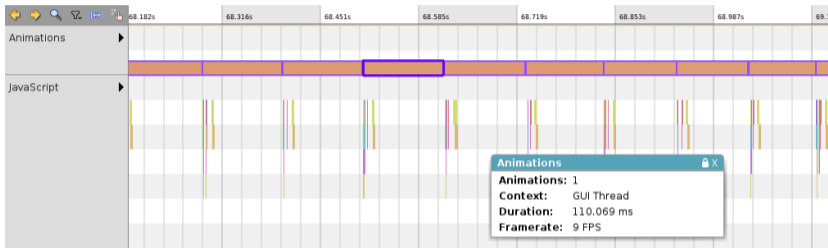
Why?

What?

How To

Examples

New Features



- Dropped frames, but no JavaScript running?
- Large unexplained **gaps** in the timeline?
- Check your custom QQuickItem implementations
- Use general purpose profiler to explore the details

Outline

- 1 Reasons for Using a Specialized Profiler for Qt Quick
- 2 The QML Profiler
- 3 Analysing Typical Problems
- 4 Live Examples of Profiling and Optimization
- 5 New Features for the QML Profiler

Example 1: Too much JavaScript

Glitch in SameGame example when starting new game

Example 1: Too much JavaScript

Glitch in SameGame example when starting new game

- All items created from **one JavaScript function call**
- Takes about 100ms
- About **7 dropped frames** in a row
- Enough unused CPU time during menu removal animation

Example 1: Too much JavaScript





Glitch in SameGame example when starting new game

- All items created from **one JavaScript function call**
- Takes about 100ms
- About **7 dropped frames** in a row
- Enough unused CPU time during menu removal animation

Solution:

- Create **invisible** items during menu animation
- Later only set them visible
- Setting visibility is cheaper than creating items

Conventions for profiling Qt Creator

- gray color scheme: **profiling** one of the others

- red color scheme: **buggy pre-3.0** as “bad” example

- green color scheme: **v3.3 preview**

- blue color scheme: **patched v3.3 preview**

- Trace files are just loaded into “colored” Qt Creators to trigger activity. Don't interpret the data.

Example 2: Even more JavaScript

QML Profiler stutters on horizontal resizing.

Example 2: Even more JavaScript

QML Profiler stutters on horizontal resizing.

- Overview always iterates **all events** to paint itself
- is implemented in JavaScript
- **but:** only updated on **loading** and **resizing**

Example 2: Even more JavaScript

QML Profiler stutters on horizontal resizing.

- Overview always iterates **all events** to paint itself
- is implemented in JavaScript
- **but:** only updated on **loading** and **resizing**

Solution¹:

- **Stretch** the code over multiple frames
- Use **Timer** to trigger deferred JavaScript execution
- onTriggered should not take longer than a frame (around 16ms)
- Downside: Overview painting is “animated” now

¹with potential for further optimization

Example 3: Painting outside viewport

Slow scrolling if timeline categories expanded

Example 3: Painting outside viewport

Slow scrolling if timeline categories expanded

- Coordinate system marks cover a large space in vertical direction
- can take a long time to paint (up to 10ms)
- are mostly invisible most of the time.

Example 3: Painting outside viewport

Slow scrolling if timeline categories expanded

- Coordinate system marks cover a large space in vertical direction
- can take a long time to paint (up to 10ms)
- are mostly invisible most of the time.

Solution²:

- Only paint **visible part** of coordinate system
- Directly set virtual contentHeight on Flickable
- Painted area “sliding” in virtual contentHeight
- Reduces painting time to about 1 - 2ms

²with potential for further optimization

Example 4: Expensive C++

Timeline scrolling still slow for some traces

Why?

What?

How To

Examples

New Features

Example 4: Expensive C++

Timeline scrolling still slow for some traces

- Timeline data painted for all categories, no matter how many are visible
- Takes a lot of time, especially in “dense” places.
- Hard to see in QML Profiler, as painting is implemented in C++.
- `QSG_VISUALIZE=overdraw` can help.

Example 4: Expensive C++

Timeline scrolling still slow for some traces

- Timeline data painted for all categories, no matter how many are visible
- Takes a lot of time, especially in “dense” places.
- Hard to see in QML Profiler, as painting is implemented in C++.
- **QSG_VISUALIZE=overdraw** can help.

Solution³:

- Again, only paint **visible** part of timeline.
- Same technique as with coordinate system.

³with potential for further optimization

Example 5: What about the labels?

Hiccup when expanding large categories

Example 5: What about the labels?

Hiccup when expanding large categories

- **Repeater** creates all elements **at the same time**.
- Use **ListView** to create and delete **on demand**?
- Potentially save some memory?

Example 5: What about the labels?

Hiccup when expanding large categories

- **Repeater** creates all elements **at the same time**.
- Use **ListView** to create and delete **on demand**?
- Potentially save some memory?

But:

- Labels are **rarely updated**.
- On-demand creation and removal **during scrolling**, when a lot of other code has to run?
- Creation and removal **triggers garbage collector**.

Solution: Probably not worth it **in this case**

Outline

- 1 Reasons for Using a Specialized Profiler for Qt Quick
- 2 The QML Profiler
- 3 Analysing Typical Problems
- 4 Live Examples of Profiling and Optimization
- 5 New Features for the QML Profiler**

Why?

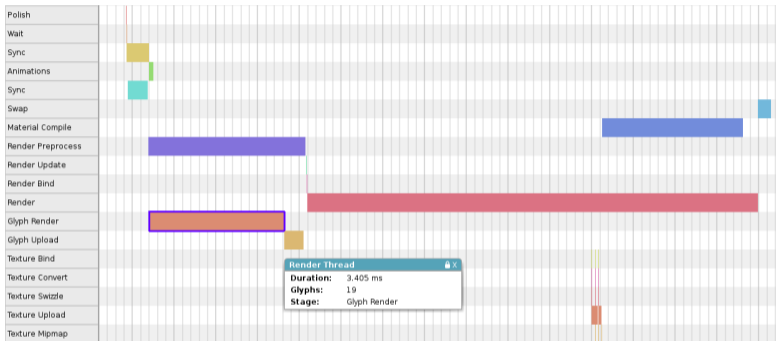
What?

How To

Examples

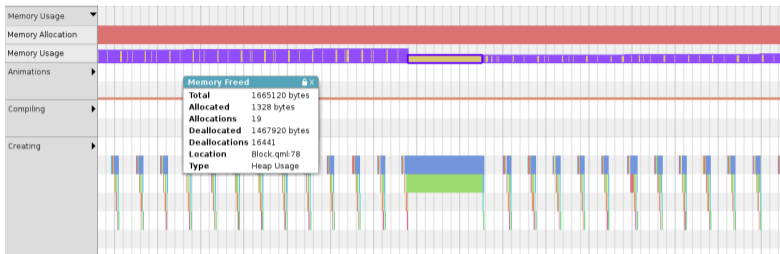
New Features

Better Scene Graph Profiling



- Will be included in Professional and Enterprise packages of Qt Creator 3.3
- Visualizes all the timing information available from the scene graph

JavaScript Heap profiler



- UI in Qt Creator 3.2+ (Professional and Enterprise)
- Will be usable with Qt 5.4+
- Tracks **page allocations** of the memory manager
- Tracks **memory allocations on JavaScript heap**
- Shows when the **garbage collector** runs

Selective recording

- Switch off recording of events you're not interested in
- Reduces amount of data created
- Record longer traces without running into memory bottlenecks
- Smaller trace files, faster loading

Various UI improvements

Why?

What?

How To

Examples

New Features

- Drag&Drop reordering of categories
- Completely hide categories to reduce height of timeline
- Resize rows in timeline