

Using Modern CMake with Qt

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About



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- Qt developer since 2006
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What is CMake?

CMake is a tool to simplify the build process for development projects across different platforms.

CMake automatically generates build systems, such as **Makefiles, Ninja** and **Visual Studio** project files.



Modern CMake?

- In a nutshell
 - Code: Forget the commands *add_compile_options*, *include_directories*, *link_directories*, *link_libraries*
 - Instead use their more modern *target_** counterparts
 - Code: Prefer functions over macros
 - Code: Keep internal properties *PRIVATE*
 - E.g. do not propagate -Werror
 - Modules: Create and use exported targets
 - Compare *\${QT_QTGUI_LIBRARY}* (old) vs. *Qt5::Gui* (modern)

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Modern CMake: Advantages

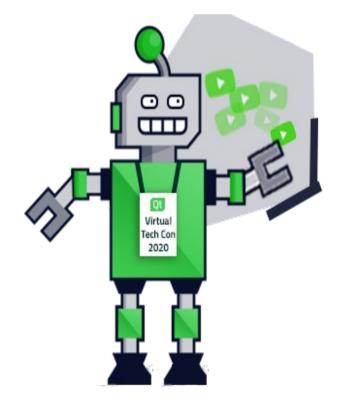
- Requirements are attached to the targets
 - Automatically propagated as necessary through the build
 - Makes creating complex builds much less error-prone
- Selecting modern C++ standards (cross-platform) is simple
 - Example: *target_compile_features(myTarget PUBLIC cxx_std_11)*
 - OR: *set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD 11)*

set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD_REQUIRED ON)





Getting Started



Getting Started with CMake

```
# Qt with CMake example
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.10.0)
project(helloworld)
set(CMAKE_AUTOMOC ON) ①
set(CMAKE_AUTORCC ON)
set(CMAKE_AUTOUIC ON)
set(CMAKE_INCLUDE_CURRENT_DIR ON) ②
find_package(Qt5 COMPONENTS Widgets REQUIRED) ③
add_executable(helloworld
mainwindow.ui
mainwindow.cpp
main.cpp
resources.grc
```

```
(4) Add an executable target using different source file types
```

marks them as required

(1) CMake magic that enables Qt-

for .moc/.qrc/.ui file types

(2) Ensures adding current source

and build directory to the

(3) This pulls in Qt dependencies

(here: Qt Widgets only) and

specific behavior

include path

(5) Wrap up: Link to the needed Qt libraries

target_link_libraries(helloworld Qt5::Widgets) 5

) ④

Running CMake: Command line

In a terminal
Note these are cross-platform instructions

mkdir build cd build

cmake .. <additional args> 1

Build via CMake
cmake --build . ②

```
# OR build via ANY of ③
make
nmake
ninja
....
```

- (1) Run CMake on the source directory (and pass additional arguments if necessary).Build system files will be generated.
- (2) Run this to start the build
- (3) Instead of going via CMake you can also invoke the build tool directly



Running CMake: Command line - contd

Finding a specific Qt install

```
cmake -DCMAKE_PREFIX_PATH=/path/to/qt5-install
   .. <additional args> ①
```

OR

export CMAKE_PREFIX_PATH=/path/to/qt5-install
cmake .. <additional args> ②

- (1) Set the CMAKE_PREFIX_PATH CMake variable (via command-line args) to describe additional search paths for find_package(...)
- (2) OR set *CMAKE_PREFIX_PATH* as environment variable (works on all supported platforms) before invoking CMake

Running CMake: Command line - contd

In case you'd like to check which Qt version
was found...

\$ cd build

...

\$ grep Qt5 CMakeCache.txt

//The directory containing a CMake configuration file for Qt5Core. Qt5Core_DIR:PATH=/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ cmake/Qt5Core //The directory containing a CMake configuration file for Qt5Gui. Qt5Gui_DIR:PATH=/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ cmake/Qt5Gui • In case Qt was *NOT* found, CMake will obviously complain

Running CMake: Via QtCreator

Edit build configuration:	Debug	~	Add 🗸	Remove	Rename	Clone.
CMake						
Build directory: 1e/kfur	nk/devel/src/build-icem	on-Desktop_Q	t_5_12_self	f_compiled_GC	C-Debug	Browse
Filter						
Кеу		✓ Value				Add
✓ CMAKE						Edit
CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE		Debug				Unset
CMAKE_CODEBLOCKS_COMPILER_ID						
CMAKE_CODEBLOCKS_EXECUTABLE		CMAKE_CODEBLOCKS_EXECUTABLE-NOTF			OTF	Reset
CMAKE_CODEB	LOCKS_MAKE_ARGU					Advance
CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX		/usr/local				
CMAKE_PREFIX_	PATH	/home/kfunk/	devel/build	d/qt5.12/qtbas	e	

- Simply open the top-level CMakeLists.txt
 - Go to File \rightarrow Open File or Project
 - Select CMakeLists.txt, confirm
 - QtCreator will ask you which Qt Kit to use
 - Build the project as usual in QtCreator
- Benefits

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- Built-in CMake configuration GUI
- Built-in Qt Kit handling
 - · Multiple Qt versions in parallel
 - Debug vs. Release builds, etc.

CMake Qt Integration - contd

• With AUTOMOC/AUTORCC/AUTOUIC

- *No* need for
 - qt5_wrap_cpp(...)
 - qt5_wrap_ui(...)
 - qt5_add_resources(...)
- Simplifies CMake code!
- Also leads to faster overall builds(!)

\$ cat ./ssrc/icemon_autogen/mocs_compilation.cpp // This file is autogenerated. Changes will be overwritten. #include "EWIEGA46WW/moc_fakemonitor.cpp" #include "EWIEGA46WW/moc_hostinfo.cpp" #include "EWIEGA46WW/moc_icecreammonitor.cpp"



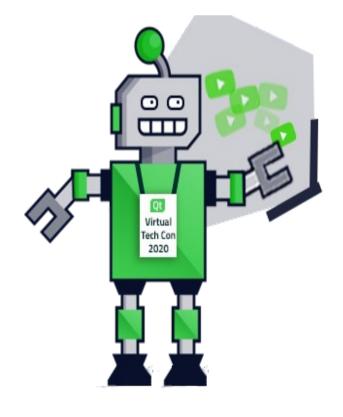
CMake Qt Integration - contd

- Special casing regarding CMake **AUTOMOC**
 - Q_OBJECT or Q_GADGET based subclass in **header**?
 - Nothing needs to be done
 - CMake will run *moc* on the **header**
 - ... inside a **source** file?
 - In that case add an *#include "<basename>.moc"* at the end of the source file
 - CMake will run *moc* on the **source** file instead
 - Also looks for other Qt macros requiring moc, e.g. Q_PLUGIN_METADATA
 - · List of macros-of-interest can be extended by the user





Special Cases



Translations handling

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.10.0)
```

```
project(translation-demo)
```

Business as usual, setup CMAKE_AUTOMOC, etc...

```
find_package(Qt5 COMPONENTS Widgets LinguistTools
REQUIRED) ①
```

```
qt5_create_translation(QM_FILES
     ${CMAKE_SOURCE_DIR} demo_de.ts demo_fr.ts) ②
```

```
add_executable(helloworld
```

```
main.cpp
    ${QM_FILES}
) ③
```

target_link_libraries(helloworld Qt5::Widgets)

- (1) CMake functions for translation handling are inside the Qt *LinguistTools* module
- (2) Call *qt5_create_translations()* on source code (.cpp and .ui files).
 - Calls lupdate to generate or update *.ts files* (→ in source dir)
 - Calls Irelease to generate .qm files (→ in build dir)



Translations handling - contd

```
# Building the project...
```

```
[2/7] Generating translations/demo_de.ts
Scanning directory '...Cmake-qttranslations-
example'...
Updating 'translations/demo_de.ts'...
Found 1 source text(s) (0 new and 1 already
existing)
[3/7] Generating translations/demo_fr.ts
...
[4/7] Generating demo_de.qm
Updating
'.../cmake-qttranslations-example/demo_de.qm'...
Generated 0 translation(s) (0 finished and 0
unfinished)
Ignored 1 untranslated source text(s)
```

```
[5/7] Generating demo_fr.qm
```

```
•••
```

- Notice that CMake rules are driving *lupdate* & *lrelease* automatically
- Generated .qm files can be loaded in the application using the QTranslator::load() function

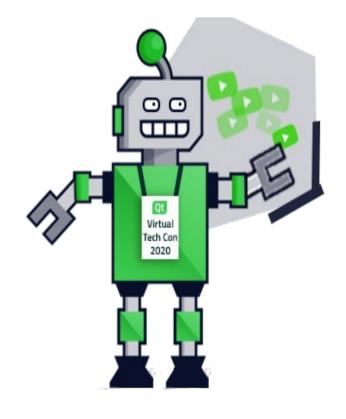
Big resources handling

- You might need to embed large files into resources (QRCs)
 - For example: Databases, larger image assets, ...
 - But: compiler will likely fail with an "out of memory"
 - (numerous bug reports about this)
- Fix (new in Qt 5.12):
 - *qt5_add_big_resources(...)*
 - CMake counterpart to QMake's CONFIG+=resources_big
 - Similar to qt5_add_resources(...), but directly generates object files instead of C++ code





General Recommendations



General Recommendations

- Do not overuse global variables, "global" commands
 - Also do not overwrite vars like *CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS*, amend them!
 - Avoid functions like *include_directories(...), link_libraries(...)*
- Embrace using *targets* and *properties*
 - Propagate properties where needed using PUBLIC keyword
 - This includes compile definitions, flags, include paths, etc.
 - Keep in mind: For a given target dependency chain $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$, properties set *PUBLIC*ly on target C "bubble" up to target $A \Rightarrow$ Useful!
 - Avoids repetitive CMake code



General Recommendations - contd

- Do not overuse *file(GLOB ...)*
 - It would be trivial to simply add all .cpp files:

```
file(GLOB SRC_FILES ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/src/*.cpp)
add_executable(myProject ${SRC_FILES})
# ... and done!
```

- But: CMake needs to be re-run in case new .cpp files are added, otherwise the build system might simply ignore them error prone!
- Better: List all files in the *add_executable(...)* or *add_library(...)* call



General Recommendations - contd

- Improving CMake runtime performance
 - Consider switching to the *Ninja* generator
 - Much simpler build system (compared to e.g. Visual Studio's *msbuild*)
 - Thus easier and quicker to generate for CMake
 - · Also the build tool itself is much more compact
 - Just reads a *single* file containing build instructions
 - See also: https://blog.kitware.com/improving-cmakes-runtime-performance/
- Last but not least: *Treat CMake like production code!*
 - Keep it clean and also refactor when needed



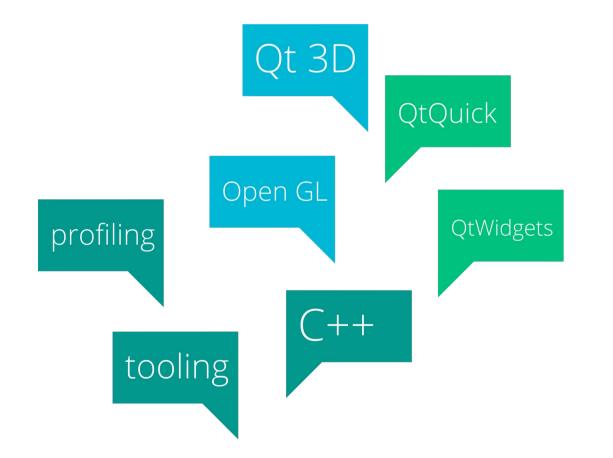
Resources

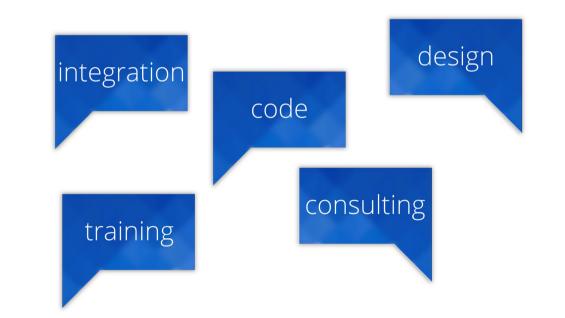
- Well-written intro to *Modern CMake*:
 - https://cliutils.gitlab.io/modern-cmake/
- Qt and CMake Whitepaper (brand new!)
 - https://www.kdab.com/wp-content/uploads/stories/KDAB-whitepaper-CMake.pdf
- Qt5 CMake Manual
 - https://doc.qt.io/qt-5/cmake-manual.html



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