



Security aspects of feature rich, connected embedded devices

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Who are we, and why are we on this stage?



Till Adam

- -Responsible for services at KDAB
- Veteran of Qt consultancy
- -Helping people build devices

Nicolas Mayencourt

- -Founder and CEO of Dreamlab
- Veteran of security research and consultancy
- -Helping people secure devices





The Big Picture



The Internet of Things

The Mobile Age

Commoditization



TOUTSIDE SSARY



The Internet of Things



Nearly everything is expected to be connected to the internet.

Your thermostat, your toothbrush, your TV, your blood pressure monitor and your washing machine might already be.

Whatever you build as your job, chances are it will be connected very soon, if it is not already.







The Mobile Age



Everybody has a smart phone.

The user experience expectation is dominated by mobile devices and gaming consoles, not PCs or kitchen appliances.

Touch screens are becoming ubiquitous.

Instant access from anywhere and any device is the norm.







Commoditization



Cost pressure is increasing everywhere.

At the same time feature expectations increase.

More and more expensive hardware and software is needed.

As a result more and more commodity hardware and software is used to make devices.





Like it or not



Embedded devices are:

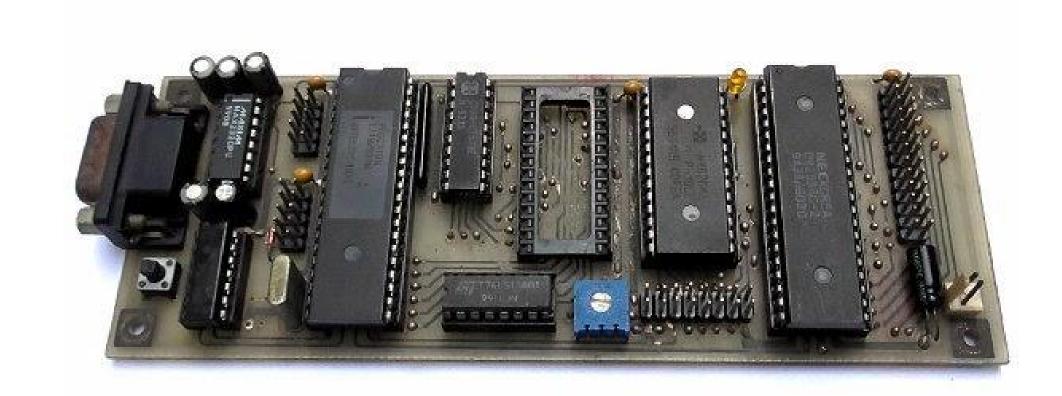
- becoming connected
- becoming very complex
- need interfaces "like the iPhone"
- use commodity boards, periphery, operating systems and tools





Changing Landscape of Embedded Devices







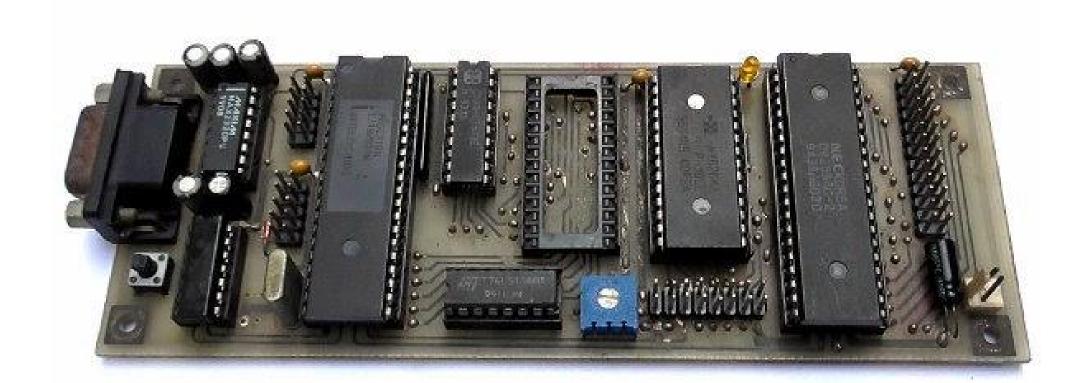




The Past



- Specialized hardware
 - -Expensive
 - -Integrated circuits
- Single process
- Optimized code (C/ASM/...)
- Update only via HW (EEPROM)
- No / limited connectivity
- Specialized solution / sw





Today



- Commodity Hardware
 - -Full-blown Computer (SoC)
 - -Cheap
 - Massive interface support
 - -Connectivity (IP/Wireless/...)
- Internet visibility
- Complex Software-Stack
 - Need for updates
- ... more like a Computer-Appliance







Security Assumptions Change



- Embedded Systems are black boxes
- ... can't be analyzed without extensive knowledge and funds
- How should one find our «secret backdoor» if even we have trouble using it?
- Endusers will always stay up to date with our newest release
- ... because they know how to update
- ... read our newsletter regularly
- No one will connect this device directly to the Internet





Why does this matter? lam not a target.





IOT & commoditization is a gamechanger





Really ? Electronic crime is different









Something to protect?





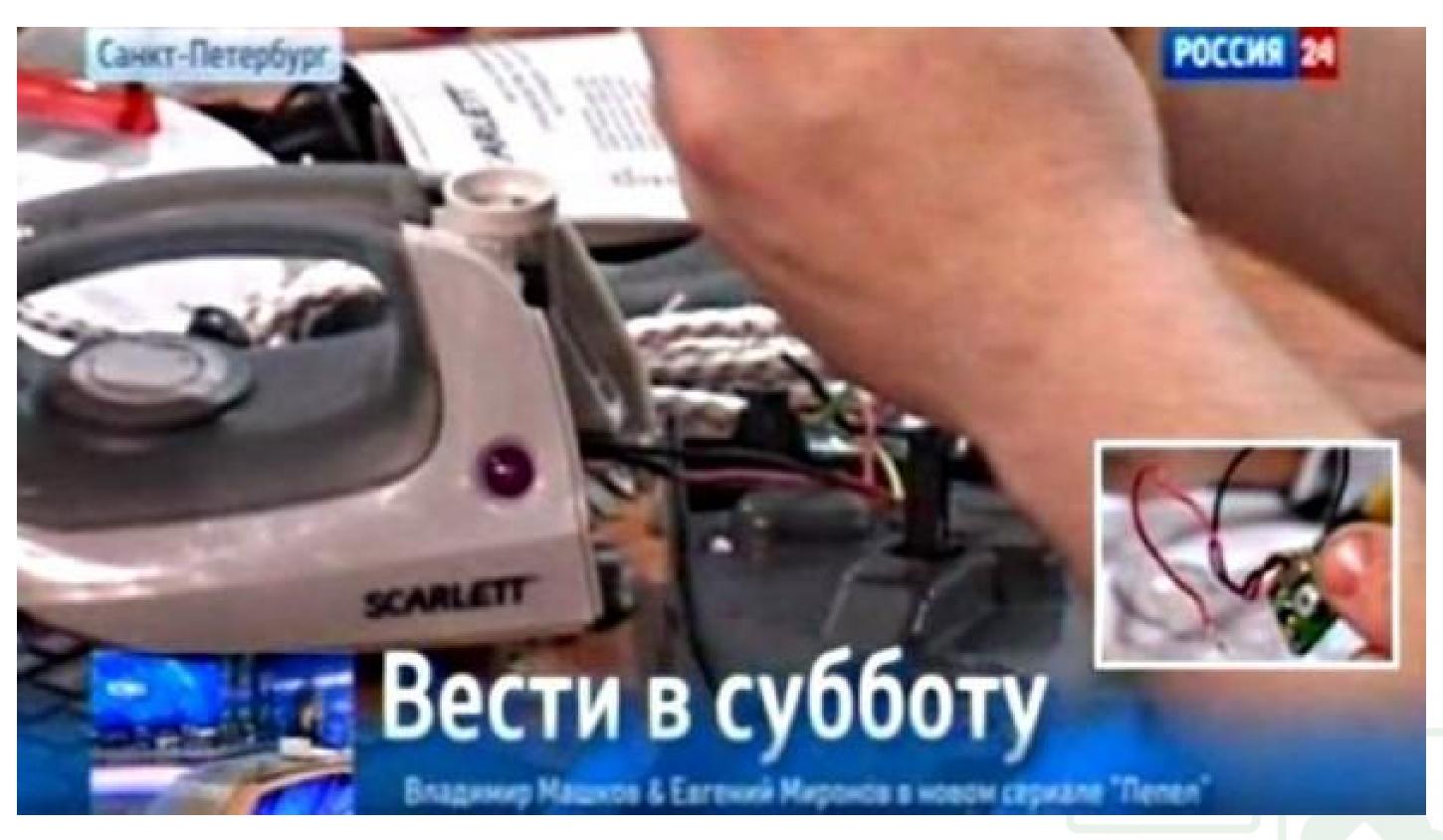




Embedded: Iron



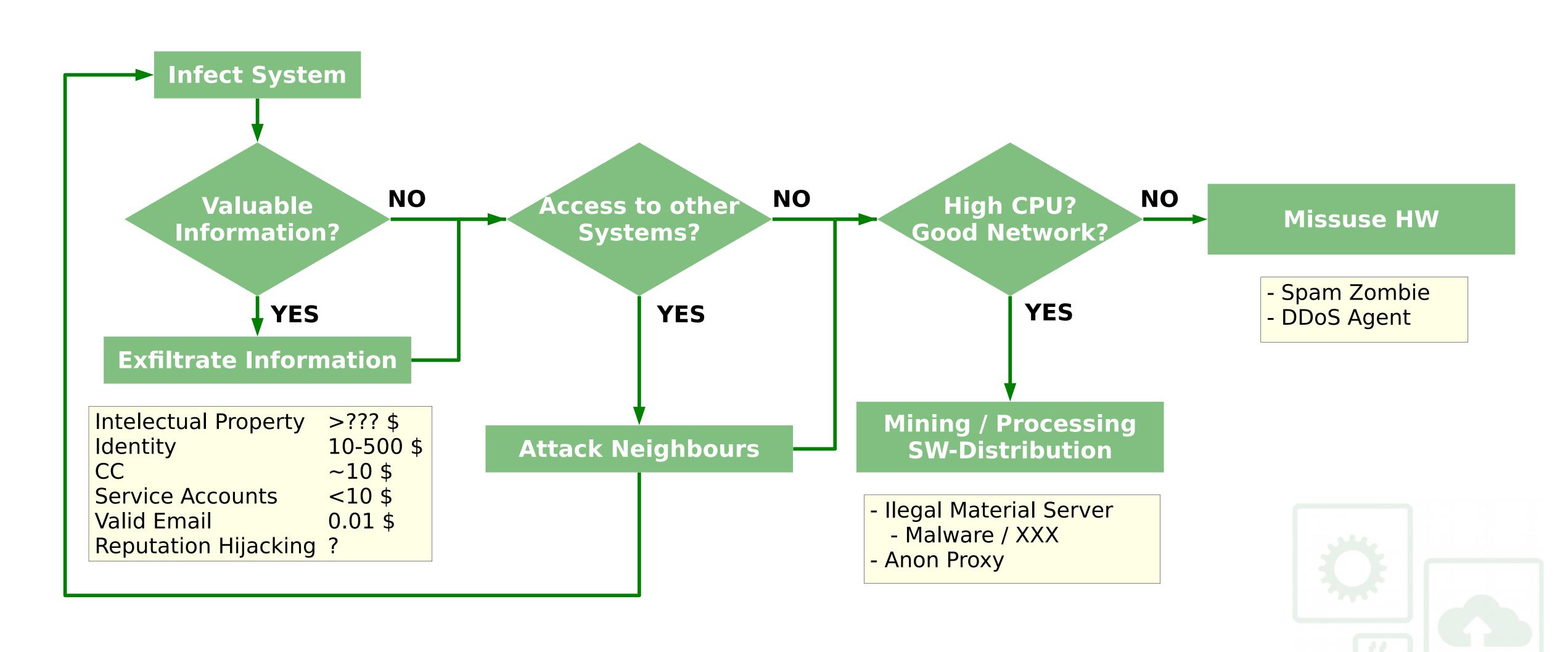
- Chinese appliances are shipping with malware-distributing WiFi chips
- 29. Oct. 2013





I'm not a target?



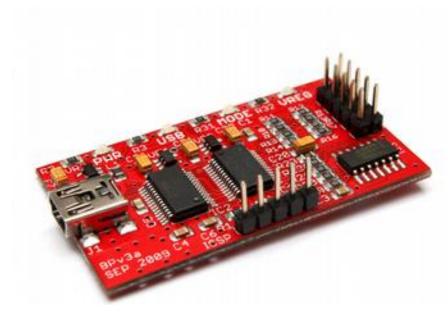




Available & cheap tools



- Standard IT-Security tools
- LogicAnalyzer
- BusPirate / JTAGULATOR
- USB-Oszilloscope
- USB-Microscope
- Public chip specifications
- Free compiler toolchains
- Cheap development boards



```
# nw sp.org d0ze

Sté Nmap 4.01 processes of sp.org (205.217.153.62):

(Thing ports obtained below are in state: filtered)

PORT 22/tc, ports sc open state open domain Sc Bind 9.2.1

70/tcp closed gopher

80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.0.52 ((Fedora))

113/tcp closed auth

Device type: general purpose

Running: Linux 2.6.X

Os details: Linux 2.6.0 - 2.6.11

Uptime 26.177 days (since Wed Feb 22 11:39:16 2006)
```











Past: Specialized Platforms & Attacks



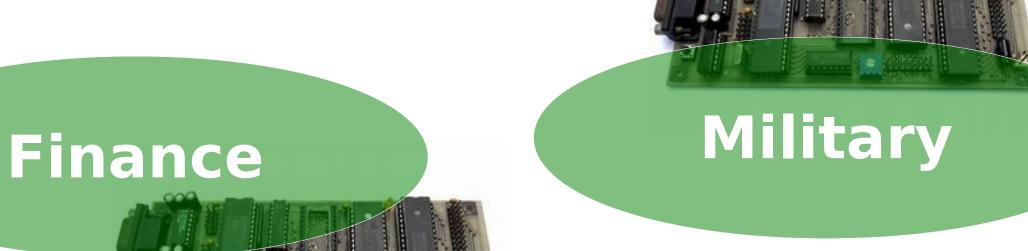


Medical





Inclustria

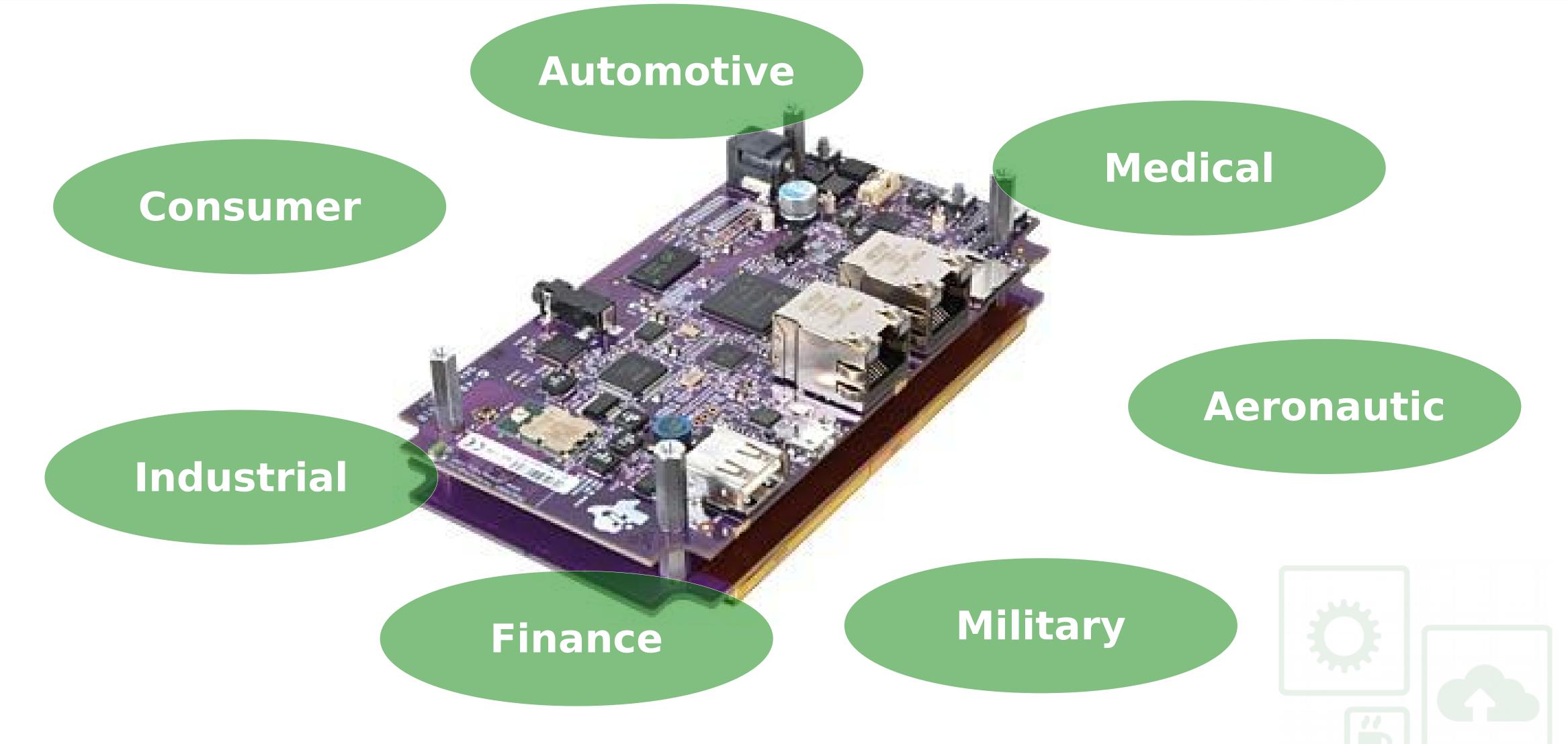






Today: Commoditization One exploit fits all







Connectivity



GSM



GSM

UMTS

LTE

WLAN

Bluetooth

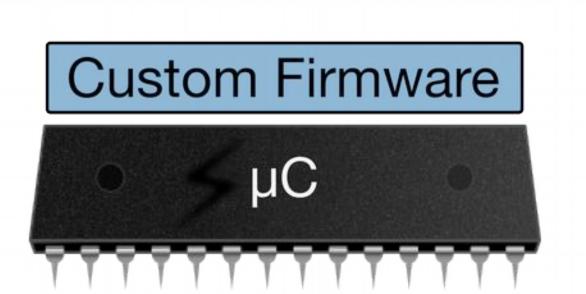
GPS

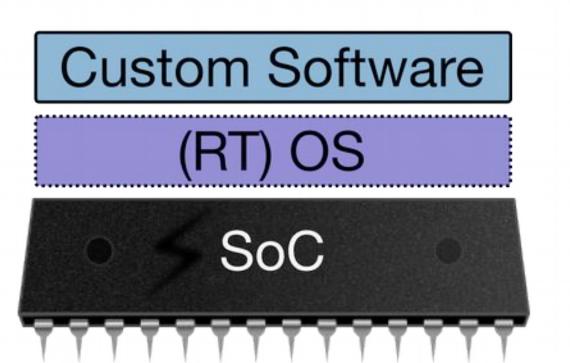
USB

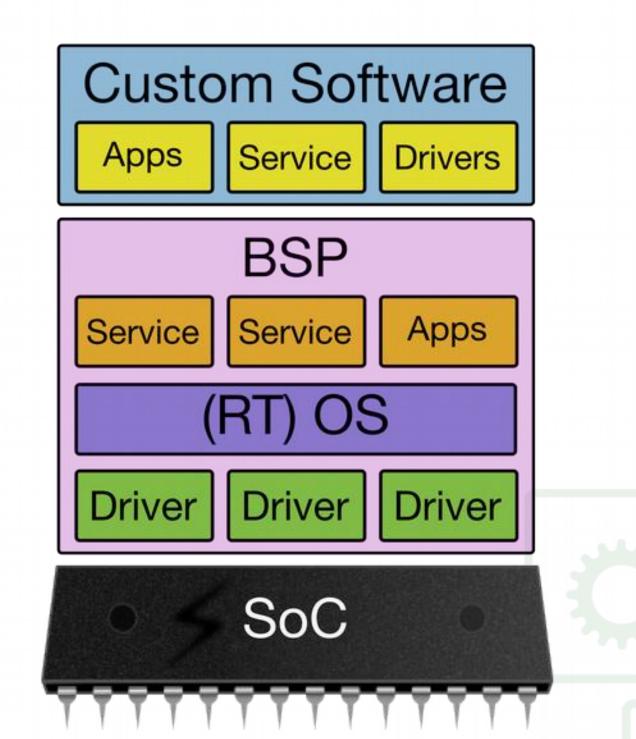






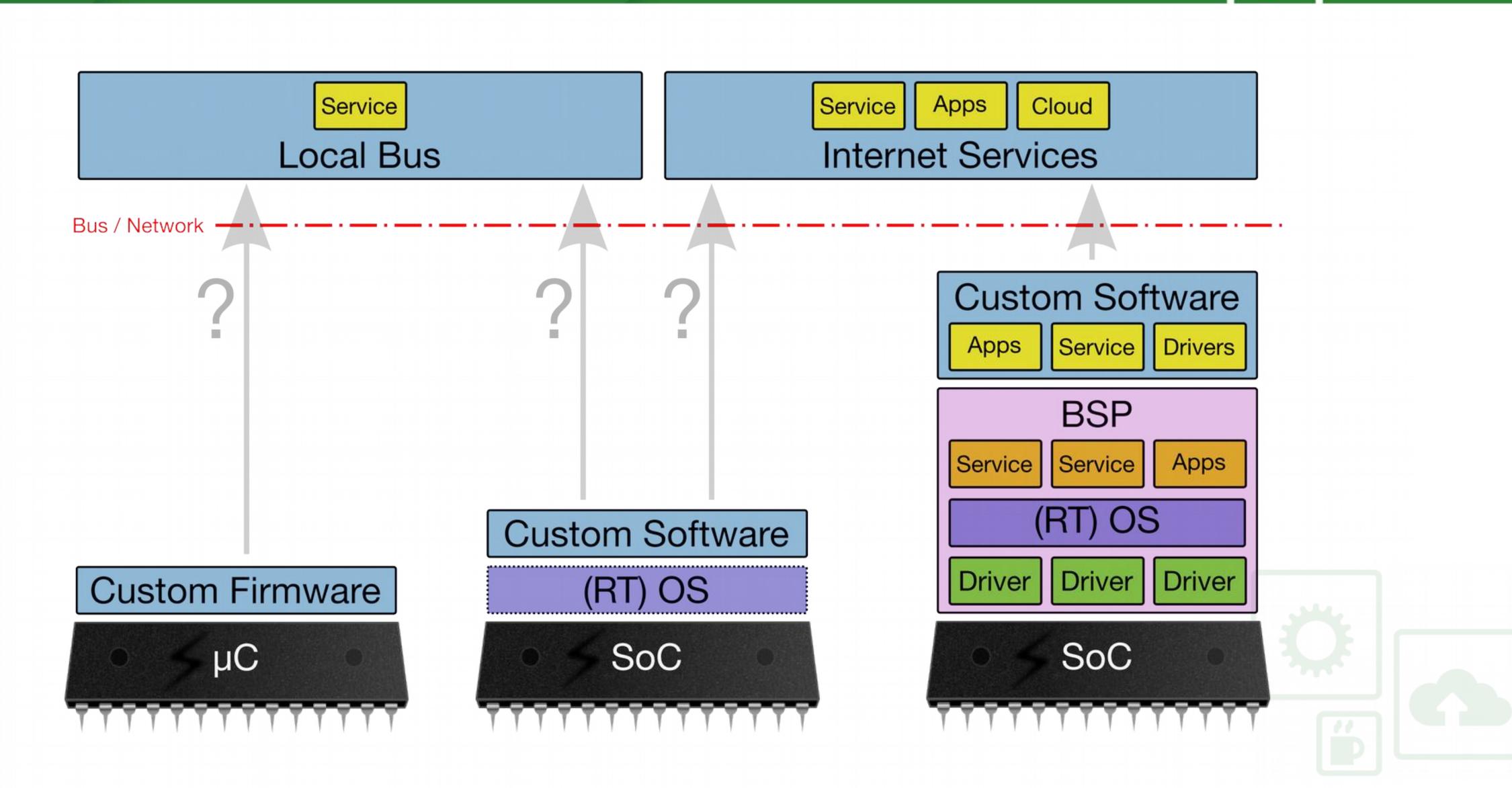






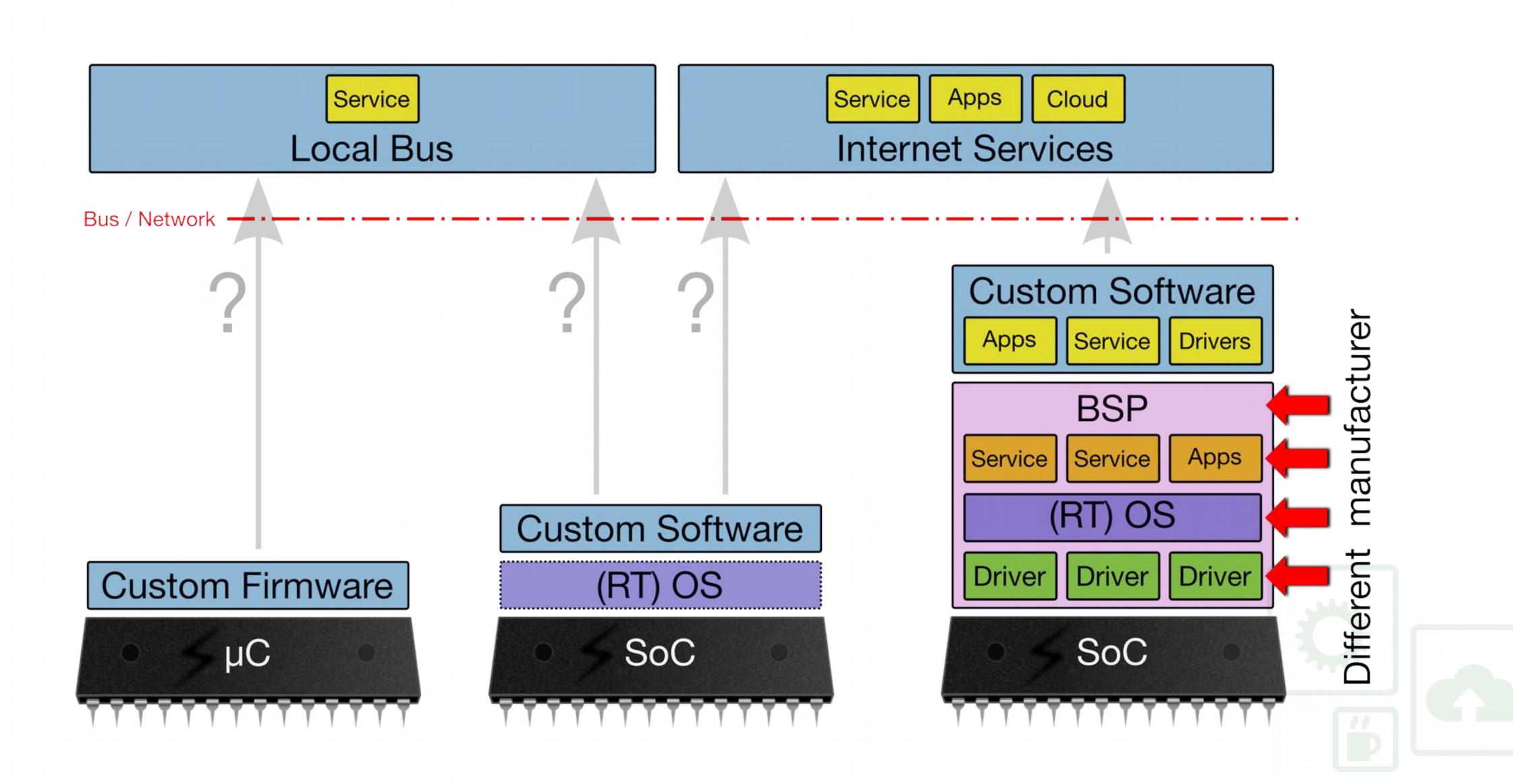






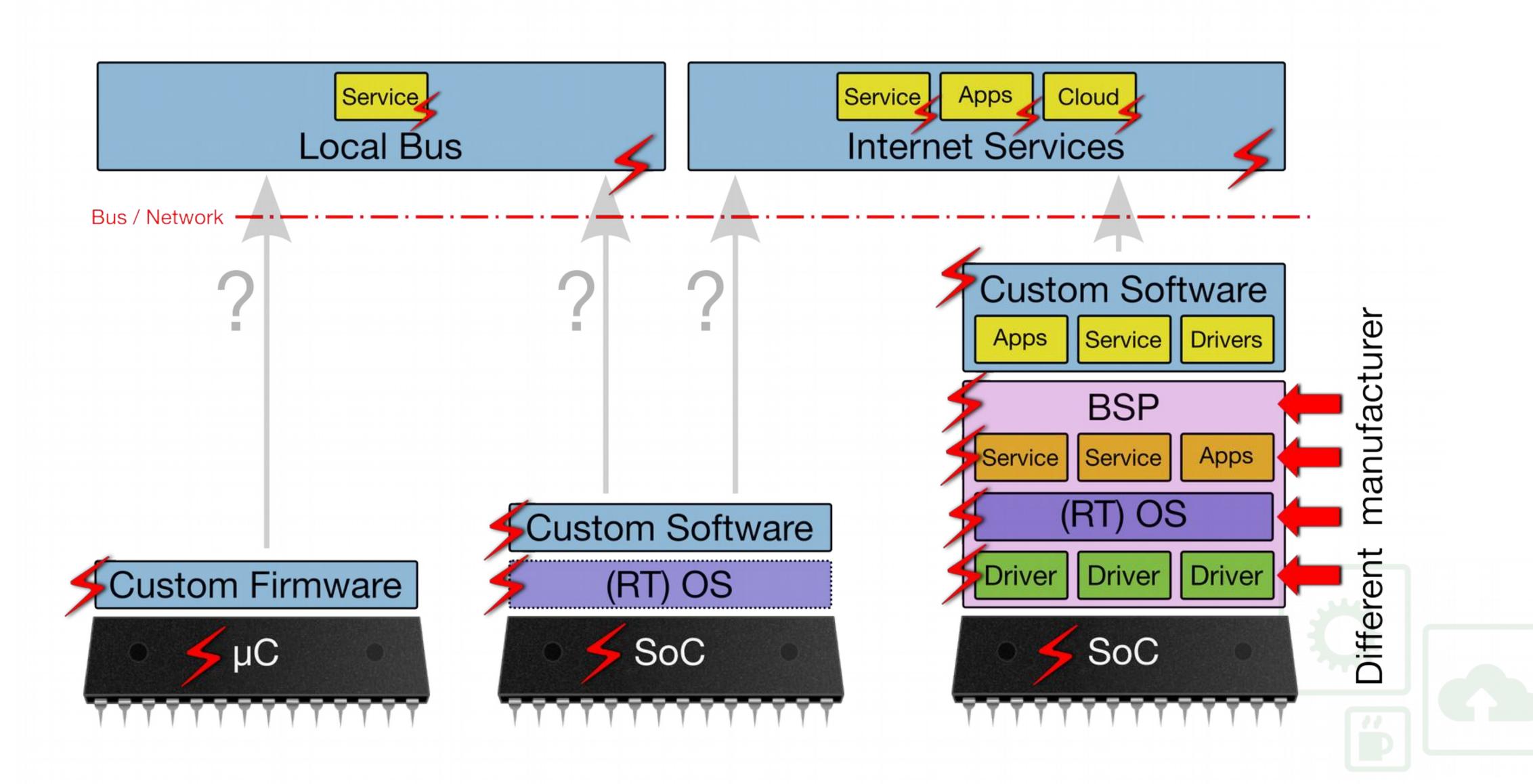












BSP's





```
<!-- execute-command.php -->
<!php
    $command = $_GET['command'];
    $output = shell_exec($command);

    echo $output
?>
```

Disclaimer: TI clearly states that this is not meant / fit for production

Disclaimer disclaimer: There's nothing wrong with the BSP form TI!

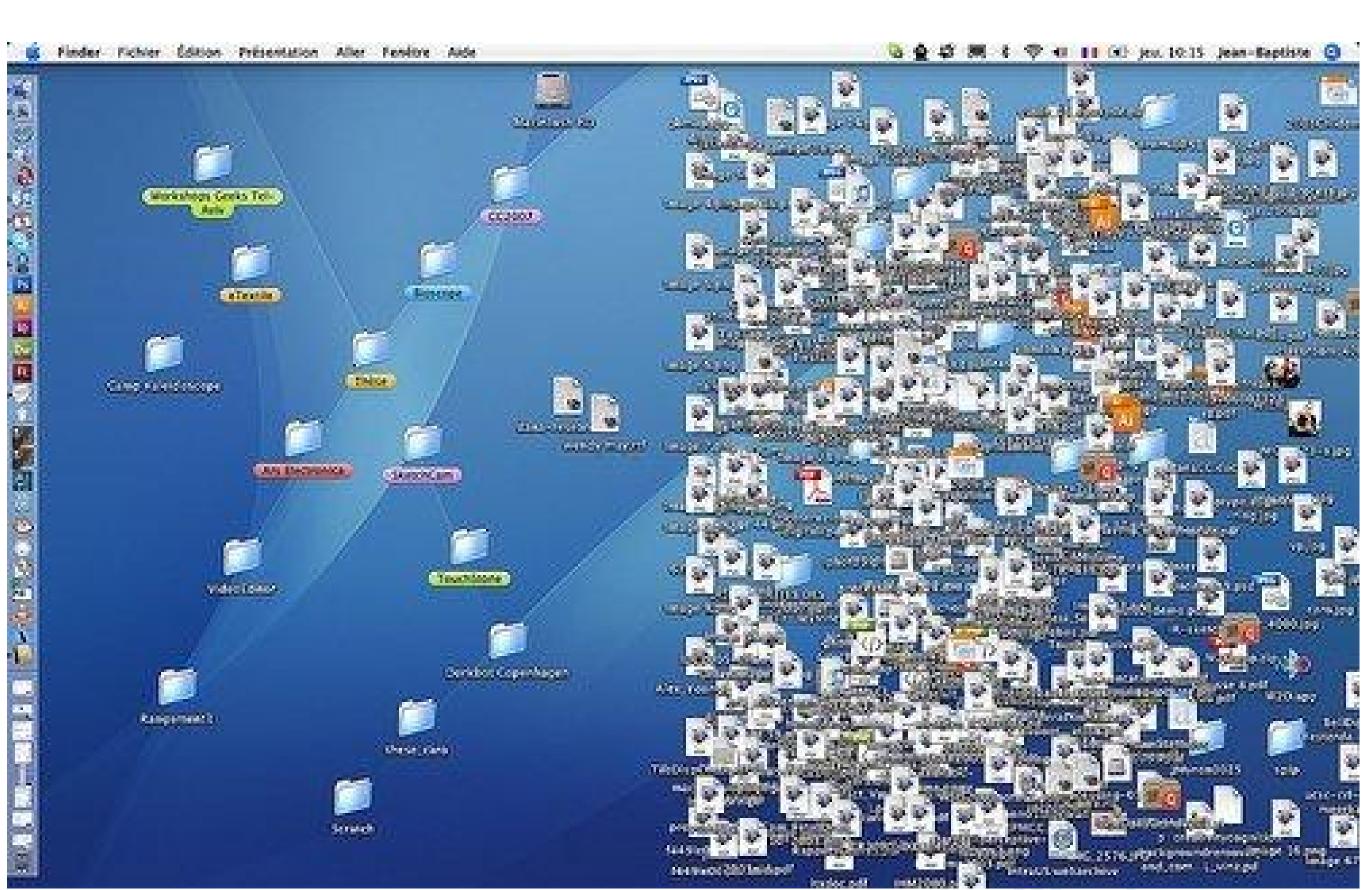


What you see != What you get





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© http://www.apartmenttherapy.com/



What you see != What you get



- Leftovers on Disk / Firmware-Images
 - -.bash history (typos / internal staging servers...)
 - Log-files
 - Logos / documents from different customer
 - -SSH-keys / credentials / SSL-Certificates
 - Demo-Software (from BSP's)
 - -Unneeded services
 - Development leftovers (debug / backdoors)
- Outdated software / Backup-Files
- Deleted files (still visible)
- License violations
- We are not yet even talking serious security here

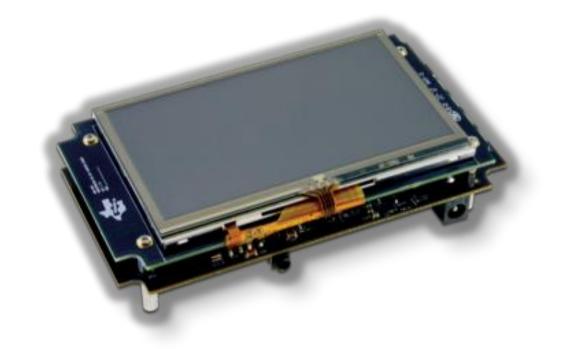




Modern Software Protection







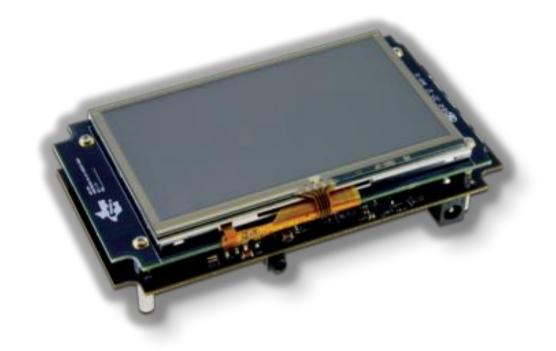
Against existence of	Exploits		
Safe programming / se	cure coding	?	
Input validation		?	
Static / dynamic code a	analysis	?	
Against exploitation			
ASCII armored address	space	?	
Stack guard / stack pro	tection (Canaries)	?	
No executable stack (D	EP)	?	
Address spcace layout	randomization (ASLR)	?	
Input validation Static / dynamic code a Against exploitation ASCII armored address Stack guard / stack pro No executable stack (D	analysis space tection (Canaries) EP)	?????	



Modern Software Protection







Exploit prevention / detection	
Antivirus	?
Hostbased Intrusion Detection Systems	?
Intrusion Prevention System	?
Software maintenance	
Daily Updates	?
Encrypted Communication Channels	?
Signed Software	?



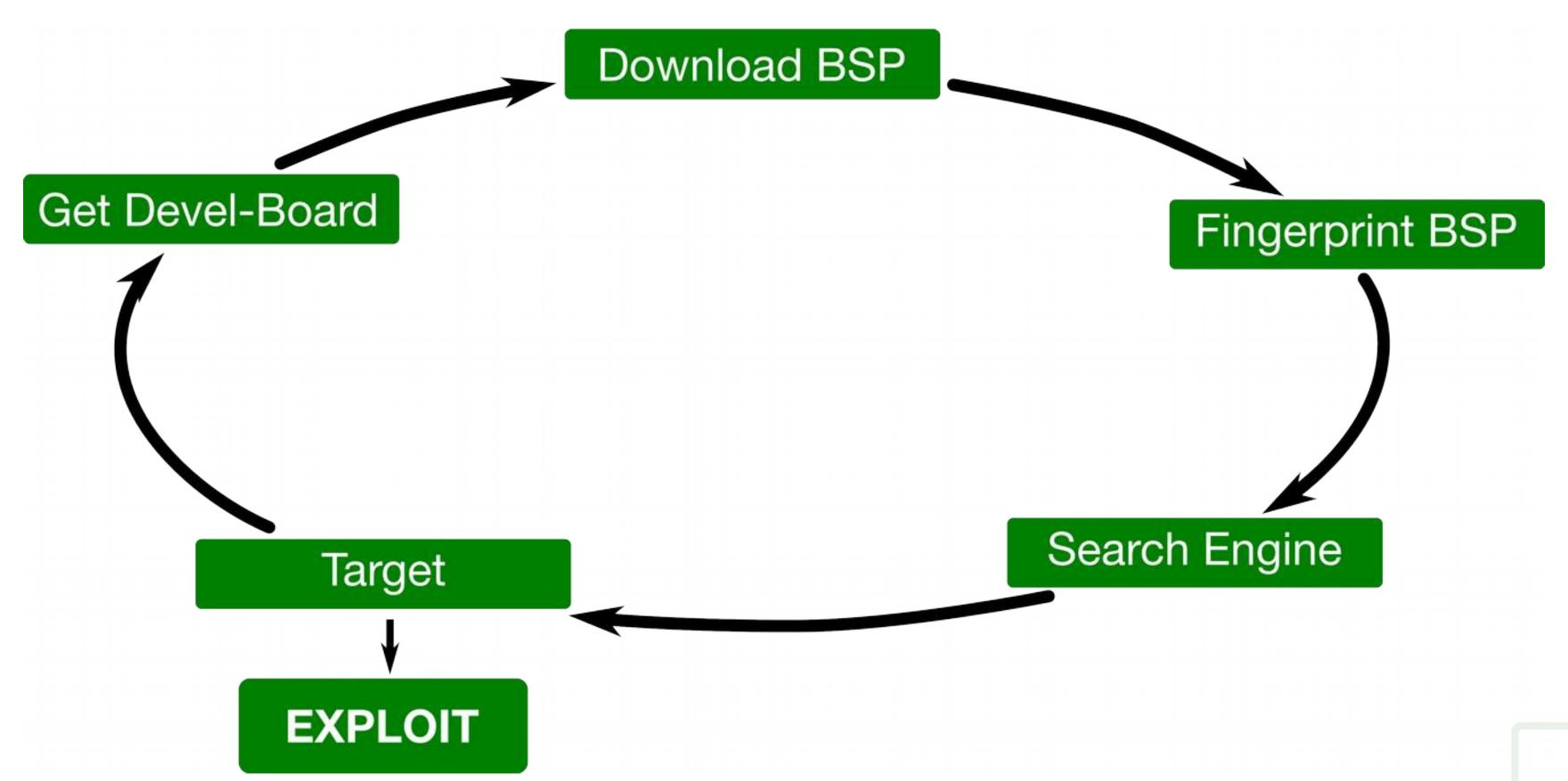
Where does it lead to?















Get Development Device



Texas Instruments AM335x Starter Kit







Fingerprint BSP



- Comes with openembedded "Arago 2013.12 am335x-evm"
- Busybox Linux (Kernel 3.1)
- Telnet
- Dropbear sshd 2012.55
- lighttpd 1.4.32 (on port 80)
- thttpd 2.25b 29dec2003 (on port 8080)
- Only root user with default password "root"
- Matrix GUI (HTML5 / PHP Webapplication)







Search for similar Devices



	5.47 scan							5.47 scan			
Nmap sca	Nmap scan report for <mark>productive</mark> -device →						Nmap scan report for development-device				
Host is	up, receive	ed user-set					Host is	up, receiv	ed user-set		
PORT	STATE	SERVICE	REASON	VERSION			PORT	STATE	SERVICE	REASON	VERSION
21/tcp	open	ftp	syn-ack	vsftpd 2.2.2	→		22/tcp	open	ssh	syn-ack	Dropbear sshd 0.51 (protocol 2.0)
22/tcp	open	ssh	syn-ack	Dropbear sshd 0.51 (protocol	2.0)		23/tcp	open	telnet?	syn-ack	
23/tcp	open	telnet?	syn-ack				← 80/tcp	open	http	syn-ack	lighttpd 1.4. <mark>26</mark>
80/tcp	open	http	syn-ack	lighttpd 1.4. <mark>3</mark> 3	-		8080/tc	open	http	syn-ack	thttpd 2.25b 29dec2003
161/udp	onen	snmp	udn-resnor	se SNMPvl server (public)	→						





Find Devices



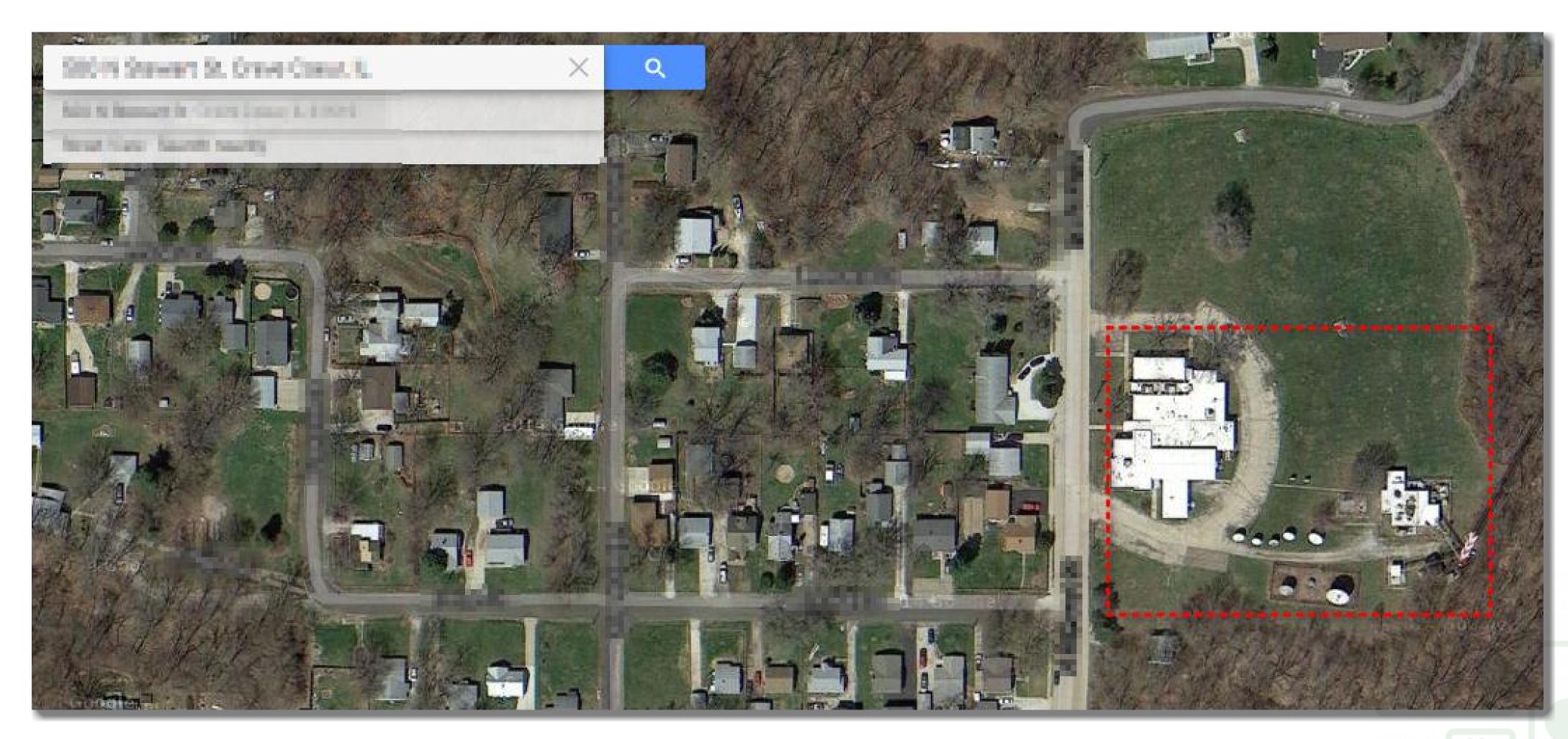
Description	Current Value	Set Value
Monitoring Method	Ethernet Eagle	Select
Primary IP Addr		192.168.
Primary Port		54410
Alternate IP Addr		177.15.35.43
Alternate Port		54630
Listen Port		5 1
Automatic Update Interval	1 Hour(s)	Select v





Locate Devices







Effects - Upgrade for free



Upgrade for free

July 24, 2013 – Oscilloscope \$800, 70MHz to \$1600, 200MHz Upgrade with a «Key-Gen»

```
/*
** XXXXXX XXXXXX keygen / cybernet & the-eevblog-users

** to compile this you need MIRACL from https://github.com/CertiVox/MIRACL

** download the master.zip into a new folder and run

** 'unzip -j -aa -L master.zip'

** then run 'bash linux' to build the miracle.a library

**

** BUILD WITH:

**
gcc rikey.c -I../MIRACL ../MIRACL/miracl.a -o rikey

**
```







Mitigation - Hardware



Hardware

- Use implemented security features
 - Fuses
 - -Flash read protection
 - -Tamper-switches

- . . .







Mitigation - Software



- Know and control your Software-Stack
 - -Drivers / BSP
- Apply Software-Version-Control
- Release-Management
- Production Software QA
 - -Clean builds (Leftovers)
 - -Strip debug symbols
 - -Remove development backdoors
 - -Remove unneeded software
 - -Harden / tighten





How about Qt?



Qt helps:

- As a 'vendor'
- As a community
- As a role model





Qt as a vendor



Qt is a mature and well monitored code base.

Many mistakes were already made and corrected.

Good integration avoids security problems caused by interfaces.

Collective maintenance of sensitive code is safer.

Track record of responses to alerts very good.





Qt as a community



Qt's source code is public, problems are found early and communicated openly.

Community members with security interest and knowledge keep an eye on things.

Nothing can be swept under the rug.

Help is available.





Qt as a role model



Institutionalized review process.

Collective code ownership.

Culture of security consciousness.

Systematic encapsulation and clean architecture.

Strict release process with audit trail.

Easily reachable, responsive, responsible and professional security response team.





Best practices



Don't bypass Qt, use safe infrastructure (strings, sockets, SSL, XML parsing, temporary files, byte arrays, database access, etc.).

Accept that any connected device can and will be attacked.

Systematic threat modelling

- => secure by default architecture
- => security as integral part of the development process
- => security analysis of finished product
- => security analysis of operational context

Don't trust vendors, no matter how big.





Mitigation - Other



- Less is more!
 - -Is full IP-Stack really needed?
 - -Remove debug-interfaces physically
 - -Reduce used software libraries / products
- Do security reviews
 - -Before someone else does
 - -Bug-Bounty-Programms?
 - -Incident handling?
- Take customers (data-) privacy seriously







Questions?

